# **FHL** tendon transfer protocol

## Initial rehabilitation phase 0-6 weeks

- ? To be safely and independently mobile with appropriate walking aid, adhering to weight bearing status
- ? To be independent with home exercise programme as appropriate
- ? To understand self management / monitoring, e.g. skin sensation, colour, swelling, temperature, etc

#### **Treatment:**

- ? Pain-relief: Ensure adequate analgesia
- ? Elevation: ensure elevating leg with foot higher than waist
- ? Exercises: teach circulatory exercises
- ? Education: teach how to monitor sensation, colour, circulation, temperature, swelling, and advise what to do if concerned
- ? Mobility: ensure patient independent with transfers and mobility, including stairs if necessary

## On discharge from ward:

- ? Independent and safe mobilising, including stairs if appropriate
- ? Independent with transfers
- ? Independent and safe with home exercise programme / monitoring

## Milestones to progress to next phase:

? Out of POP. Team to refer to physiotherapy at 6 weeks

# Recovery rehabilitation phase 6 weeks – 12 weeks

- ? To be independently mobile out of plaster shoe / aircast boot
- ? To achieve full range of movement
- ? Tendon transfer to be activating
- ? To optimise normal movement

#### **Restrictions:**

- ? Ensure adherence to weight bearing status.
- ? No strengthening against resistance until at least 3 months post-operatively
- ? Do not stretch transfer. It will naturally lengthen over a 6 month period

#### **Treatment:**

- ? Pain relief
- ? Advice / Education
- ? Posture advice / education
- ? Mobility: ensure safely and independently mobile adhering to appropriate weight bearing restrictions. Progress off walking aids as able once reaches FWB stage.
- ? Gait Re-education
- ? Wean out of aircast boot once advised to do so. Provision of plaster shoe if patient unable to get into normal footwear

#### **Exercises:**

- ? Passive range of movement (PROM)
- ? Active assisted range of movement (AAROM)

- ? Active range of movement (AROM) ? Encourage isolation of transfer activation without overuse of other muscles. Biofeedback likely to be useful. ? Strengthening exercises of other muscle groups as appropriate
- ? Core stability work
- Place / proprioception work once appropriate
- ? Stretches of tight structures as appropriate (e.g. Achilles Tendon), not of transfer.
- ? Review lower limb biomechanics. Address issues as appropriate.
- Swelling Management

## **Manual Therapy:**

- ? Soft tissue techniques as appropriate
- ? Joint mobilisations as appropriate ensuring awareness of those which may be fused and therefore not appropriate to mobilise
- Monitor sensation, swelling, colour, temperature, etc
- ? Orthotics if required via surgical team
- ? Hydrotherapy if appropriate
- ? Pacing advice as appropriate

## Milestones to progress to next phase:

- ? Tendon transfer activating
- ? Full range of movement
- ? Mobilising out of aircast boot / plaster shoe
- ? Neutral foot position when weight bearing / mobilising

## Failure to meet milestones:

- ? Refer back to team / Discuss with team
- ? Continue with outpatient physiotherapy if still progressing

# Intermediate rehabilitation phase 12 weeks – 6 months

- ? Independently mobile unaided
- ? Optimise normal movement

#### **Treatment:**

- [?] Further progression of the above treatment:
- ? Pain relief
- ? Advice / Education
- ? Posture advice / education
- Mobility: Progression of mobility and function
- ? Gait Re-education

#### **Exercises:**

- ? Range of movement
- ? Progress isolation of transfer activation without overuse of other muscles.

## Biofeedback likely to be useful.

- ? Strengthening exercises as appropriate
- ? Core stability work

- ? Balance / proprioception work
- ? Stretches of tight structures as appropriate (e.g. Achilles Tendon), not of transfer.
- ? Review lower limb biomechanics. Address issues as appropriate.
- ? Swelling Management

## **Manual Therapy:**

- ? Soft tissue techniques as appropriate
- ? Joint mobilisations as appropriate ensuring awareness of those which may be fused and therefore not appropriate to mobilise
- ? Monitor sensation, swelling, colour, temperature, etc
- ? Orthotics if required via surgical team
- ? Hydrotherapy if appropriate
- ? Pacing advice as appropriate

## Milestones to progress to next phase:

- ? Independently mobile unaided
- ? Transfer to be activating
- ? Adequate analgesia

## Failure to meet milestones:

- ? Refer back to team / Discuss with team
- ? Continue with outpatient physiotherapy if still progressing

# Final rehabilitation phase 6 months – 1 year

- ? Return to gentle low impact sports
- ? Good transfer activation with grade IV / V plantarflexion strength
- ? To be able to do tip toe stand
- ? Establish long term maintenance programme

#### **Treatment:**

- ? Mobility / function: Progression of mobility and function, increasing dynamic control with specific training to functional goals
- Gait Re-education

#### **Exercises:**

- ? Progression of exercises including range of movement, strengthening, transfer activation, balance and proprioception, core stability
- ? Swelling Management

## **Manual Therapy:**

- ? Soft tissue techniques as appropriate
- ? Joint mobilisations as appropriate ensuring awareness of those which may be fused and therefore not appropriate to mobilise
- ? Pacing advice

#### Milestones for discharge:

- ? Independently mobile unaided
- ? Transfer to be activating with grade IV / V inversion strength
- ? Able to do single tip toe stance